

## ERASMUS Dil Sınavı Örneği

UYARI: Burada verilen örnek sorular, ÖSYM tarafından düzenlenen geçmiş yıllara ait çeşitli dil sınavlarından alınmış olup, SADECE TEMSİLİDİR. Gerçekleştirilecek olan sınav üniversitemizin Yabancı Diller Yüksekokulu tarafından hazırlanacak ve yürütülecektir.

Toplam 80 soru Her soru 1,25 puandır.	
<b>1. Dil ve Kelime Bilgisi (Language Use)</b>	<p>Örnek sorularda (1-2), cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.</p> <p><b>Örnek soru (1):</b> If I ---- just how cold it was going to be, I ---- some warmer clothes with me. A) realized / took B) had realized / would have taken C) would realize / will take D) have realized / had taken E) used to realize / would take (2005 YDS-İngilizce)</p> <p><b>Örnek soru (2):</b> I was a ---- child and so I used to make up stories and hold conversations with imaginary people. A) painful B) selfish C) consistent D) charming E)lonely (2005 YDS-İngilizce)</p>
<b>2. Diyalog Tamamlama (Dialogue Completion)</b>	<p>Örnek soru 3'te verilen karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.</p> <p><b>Örnek soru (3):</b> <b>Cavit:</b> I sometimes have difficulty in understanding what genre means in the literary world. <b>Nuray:</b> It depends on where you're positioned in the book world. For a bookseller, it's a shelving and location issue. <b>Cavit:</b> _____ <b>Nuray:</b> With fiction, for example, there will be classics, romance or horror sections. A) So it's a pragmatic question of what to put where. B) I think fiction is always the best-selling line. C) But even in small bookstores, I get confused. D) Bookstores say Westerns mostly attract male customers. E) Then, a genre can have large number of dedicated readers. (2015 YDS İlkbahar-İngilizce)</p>

**3. Paragraf bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulma (Irrelevant Sentence)**

**Örnek soru 4'te, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.**

**Örnek soru (4):**

(I) Between 1800 and the middle of the twentieth century, the worldwide population roughly tripled, rising from 1 to 3 billion. (II) Like past scientific investigations directed at humankind, genetics has raised fundamental questions about ethics and humanity. (III) Between 1960 and 2000, however, the population doubled again, to 6 billion or more. (IV) Obviously, improvements in basic standards of health have contributed to this dramatic increase. (V) Yet such growth has strained the capacity of social services, public-health facilities, and urban infrastructures.

- A) I
- B) II
- C) III
- D) IV
- E) V

(2010 KPDS İlkbahar -İngilizce)

**4. Çeviri (Translation)**

**Örnek sorularda (5-6), verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi, Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.**

**Örnek soru (5):**

In Egypt, a number of oil deposits have been discovered in recent years, but it is unlikely that oil will play a major role in the country's economy in the near future.

- A) Son yıllarda Mısır'da birçok petrol yatakları keşfedilmiştir, ancak petrolün, yakın gelecekte ülke ekonomisinde önemli bir rol oynaması muhtemel değildir.
- B) Mısır'da son yıllarda birtakım petrol havzaları bulunmuş olsa da petrolün, ülke ekonomisinde yakın gelecekte oynayacağı rol çok önemli olmayacaktır.
- C) Son yıllarda Mısır'da, ülke ekonomisinde yakın gelecekte önemli rol oynaması muhtemel olan pek çok petrol havzası keşfedilmiştir.
- D) Son yıllarda Mısır'da keşfedilen petrol yataklarının, ülke ekonomisinde yakın gelecekte önemli bir rol oynaması ihtimal dışındadır.
- E) Mısır'da, ülke ekonomisinde yakın gelecekte önemli bir rol oynaması muhtemel olmayan petrol yatakları son yıllarda ortaya çıkarılmıştır.

(2008 KPDS Sonbahar -İngilizce)

5.Okuduğunu anlama  
(Text Comprehension)

**Örnek soru (6):**

Can sıkıntısı, esnemeye yol açar ve bu da akciğerleri çevreleyen kasları gererek veya beyne daha fazla oksijen taşıyarak uyanık kalmamızı sağlar.

- A) When boredom causes us to yawn, the muscles around the lungs stretch or more oxygen is brought to the brain, which makes us feel awake.
- B) Yawning, which may be caused by boredom, makes us feel awake by stretching the muscles surrounding the lungs or bringing more oxygen to the brain.
- C) Boredom leads to yawning, and this makes us feel awake by stretching the muscles surrounding the lungs or bringing more oxygen to the brain.
- D) Stretching the muscles around the lungs or bringing more oxygen to the brain, yawning, if caused by boredom, makes us feel awake.
- E) When bored, yawning makes us feel awake by stretching the muscles surrounding the lungs or bringing more oxygen to the brain.

(2015 YDS Sonbahar-İngilizce)

**Örnek soruları (7-9), aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.**

For most people, being a member of a large family is sometimes hard. Usually there isn't enough money, so everyone has to do without various things. There are, however, certain advantages; in fact, there are probably more advantages than disadvantages. The other day I saw a family setting off on a day out. The parents, who looked remarkably young themselves, were carrying various bags. The biggest child, who was perhaps fifteen, carried a football. His sister, perhaps two years younger, carried what looked like the family lunch. The four smaller children also had things to carry. The youngest of them carried a toy bear that was almost as big as herself. The family were catching a bus and looked so contented. I wished I could have gone with them wherever they were going.

**Örnek soru (7):**

It is clear from the passage that the family described here ----

- A) isn't used to going out for the day like this
- B) very rarely has a day out together
- C) seldom takes a bus at weekends
- D) is clearly a very rich one
- E) knows how to share its duties

**6. Cümle tamamlama  
(Sentence Completion)**

**Örnek soru (8):**

We understand from the passage that, although these parents have six children, ----.

- A) they spend very little time with them
- B) they don't really seem to care about them
- C) they are reluctant to spend much money on them
- D) it seems that life has not aged them
- E) it is the four smaller ones that they are most fond of

**Örnek soru (9):**

From the passage we can conclude that the narrator ----.

- A) himself comes from a large family
- B) is very critical of large families
- C) is more interested in the parents than in the children
- D) feels sorry because the children have all got things to carry
- E) seems to favour large families

**Örnek soruda 10'da verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.**

**Örnek soru (10):**

Whenever doctors consider prescribing a drug, ----.

- A) infrequent headaches or muscle strains can be relieved with over-the-counter drugs
- B) they must weigh the possible risks against the expected benefits
- C) infants and very young children are at special risk of adverse drug reactions
- D) it's necessary to accept a higher risk of a severe drug reaction to treat a life-threatening disease
- E) potential benefits and risks were seldom able to be determined with mathematical precision

(2007 ÜDS Sonbahar-İngilizce)